Copper production in Latin America:
Seeking stability and growth amid sociopolitical challenges



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The purpose of this presentation is to guide programmes benefiting the copper industry and to provide attendees with information to make independent business decisions.



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- II. Sociopolitical trends in LatAm and implications for the mining industry



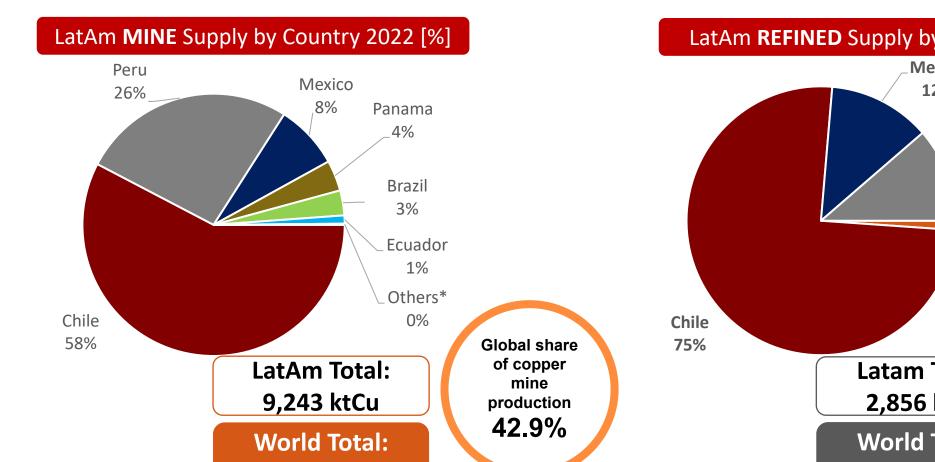
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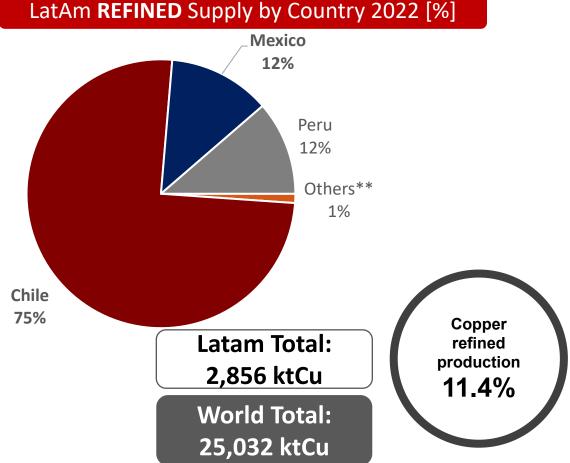
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I. Analysis of the copper mining industry in Chile, Peru and LatAm

LatAm copper production focused on mining stage

21,535 ktCu





Source: Plusmining based on WBMS, 2023.

^{*} Includes Bolivia, Colombia and Dominican Republic.

^{**} Includes Argentina, Bolivia and Brazil.

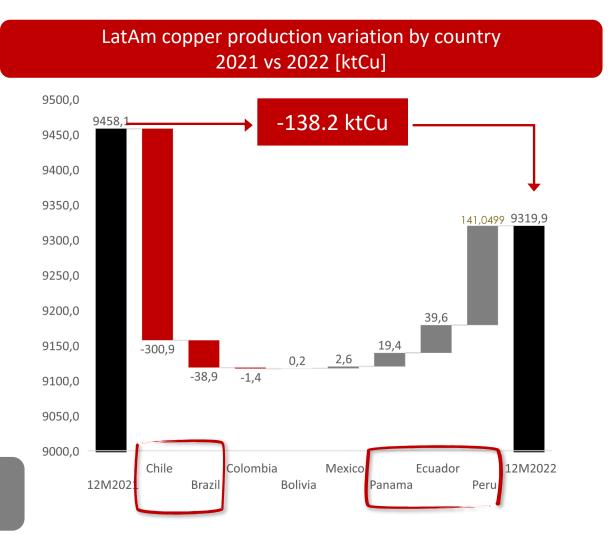


I. Analysis of the copper mining industry in Chile, Peru and LatAm

LatAm production with divergent ways in 2022

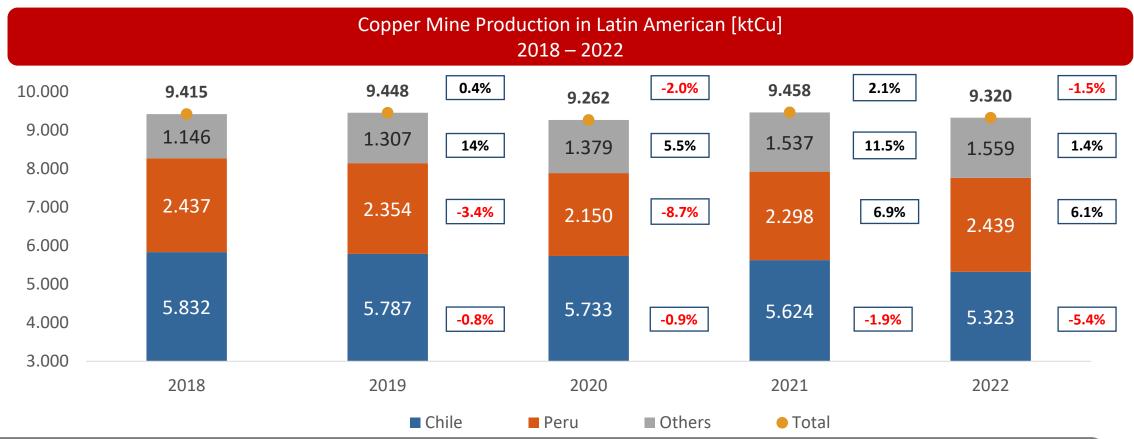
- The ugly:
 - ➤ Decline in Chile was the standard, shown in the next slide: Codelco's Divisions, Collahuasi, Anglo American Sur and Los Pelambres were the main decreases
- The bad:
 - Brazil had to take care of maintenances that took longer than planned
- The good:
 - ➤ Gains in Peru: start-up of Quellaveco and Mina Justa, and the recovery in Cerro Verde
 - ➤ Ecuador and Panama increased operation rates and recoveries, from relatively new operations (Mirador and Cobre Panama, respectively)

Chile hinders the Peruvian rise



I. Analysis of the copper mining industry in Chile, Peru and LatAm

Chile has slowdown production increase in Latam



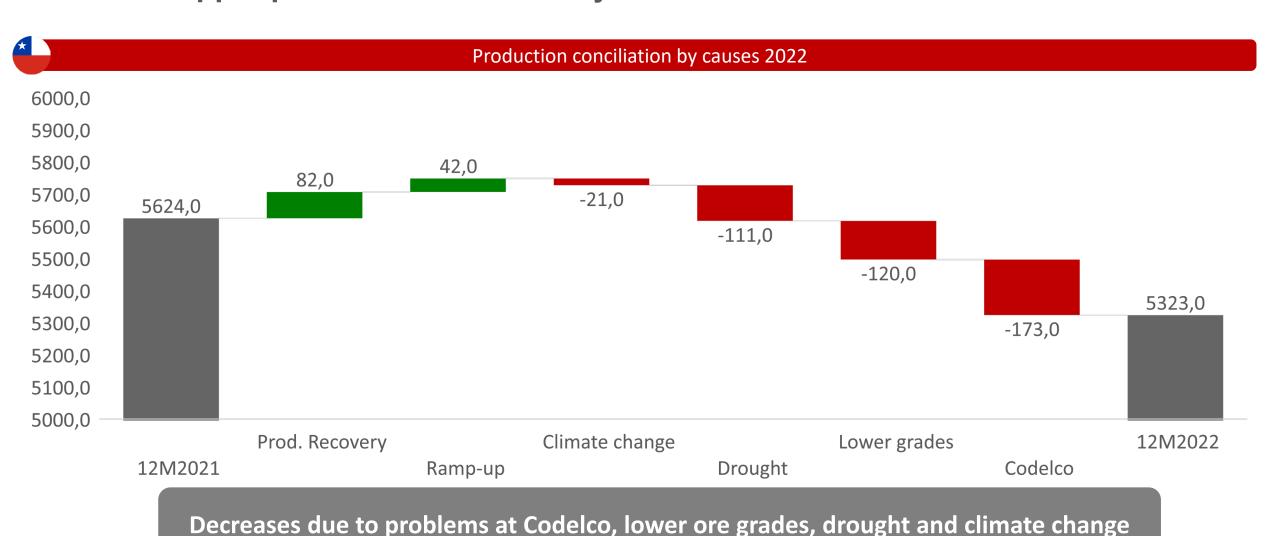
AL STREET TO THE

Contrary to most of the region, Chile is stagnant with 4 years in a row of decreases, compared to Peru with two consecutive years of post-pandemic recovery and increases in other countries like

Ecuador and Panama

I. Analysis of the copper mining industry in Chile, Peru and LatAm

Chilean copper production variation by causes





I. Analysis of the copper mining industry in Chile, Peru and LatAm

Short Term Track of 2022 Chilean Production Performance

Production vs Guidance* 2022							
Operation	Actual Prod. [ktCu]	Guidance [ktCu]	Deviation [ktCu] ↓	Deviation [%]			
Chuqui & RT	569	750	-181	-24%			
Pampa Norte**	281	350	-69	-20%			
Ministro Hales	152	190	-38	-20%			
Escondida**	1,004	1,040	-36	-3%			
El Teniente	405	440	-35	-8%			
Anglo American Sur	311	340	-29	-9%			
Candelaria	126	160	-26	-17%			
Caserones	124	145	-23	-16%			
Andina	177	200	-23	-12%			
Zaldívar	89	105	-16	-15%			
Andacollo	37	50	-14	-27%			
Pelambres	284	295	-11	-4%			
Capstone Copper	95	103	-8	-8%			
Centinela	248	250	-3	-1%			
Salvador	32	35	-3	-8%			
Quebrada Blanca	9	11	-1	-10%			
Gaby	109	110	-1	-0.9%			
Collahuasi	571	570	+1	+0.2%			
Antucova	80	78	+2	2%			

Lower grades

Disruptions (Caserones, ET, CH)

Projects delays (QB2, Los Pelambres)

Water stress (Los Pelambres, Anglo American Sur)

Ending of SxEw (Cerro Colorado, Quebrada Blanca, Mantos Blancos)

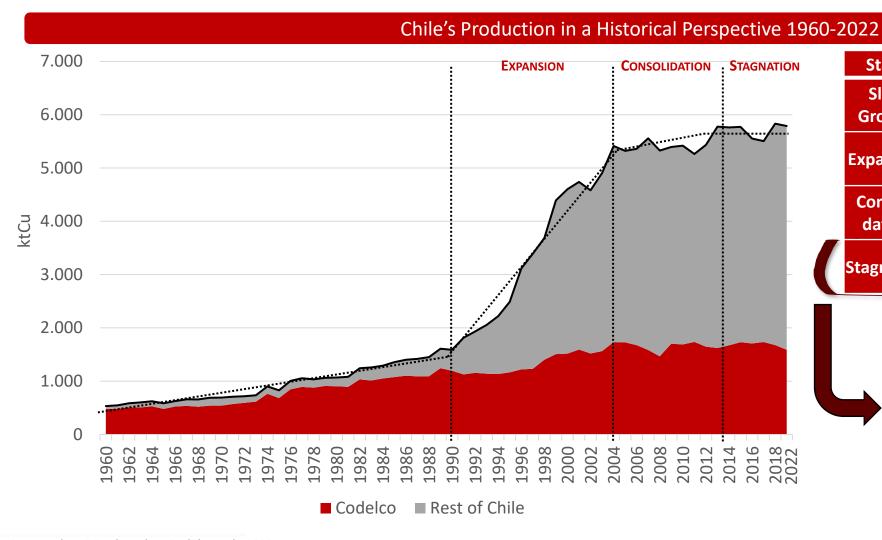
Problems of Codelco's structural projects (CH, ET)

^{*} First Guideline defined in 2021 year-end corporate report

^{**} Guideline and production period July 2021-June 2022

I. Analysis of the copper mining industry in Chile, Peru and LatAm

Chile's copper mining industry has been subject to three stages over 1960-2022



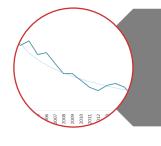
	Stage	Years	Hints	CAGR	
	Slow Growth	1960- 1990	Nationalism and Militar Goverment	3.7%	
	Expansion	1990- 2004	Democracy and Private Mining	9.2%	
	Consoli- dation	2004- 2013	Supercycle	0.7%	
	Stagnation	2013- 2022	Post-Supercycle and Political Inestability	0.03%	

- 1. Competitive geological assets abroad
- Regulatory complexation
- 3. Constrained exploration activity
- 4. Rising technical/supply challenges
- Political/Institutional deterioration

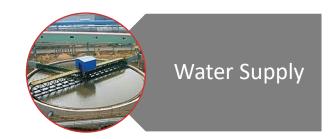
Source: Plusmining based on Cochilco, Feb. 2020.

I. Analysis of the copper mining industry in Chile, Peru and LatAm

Chile's current operations and growth options will be increasingly challenged



Grade Attrition RAPID HIGH-GRADE ORE DEPLETION FOLLOWING THE 2003-2011 PRICE SUPERCYCLE



WATER ASSURANCE WILL
CONTINUE TO BE AN IMPORTANT
FACTOR IN PRODUCTIVE
CAPACITY

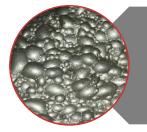


Worsening of Mining Variables

MORE MINERAL, LONGER
DISTANCE, HIGHER ENERGY,
MORE INPUTS TO PRODUCE THE
SAME OR LESS



IMPORTANT CHALLENGES TO SOLVE THESE PROBLEMS AND UNLOCK MINING POTENTIAL



Productive Matrix Change AS OXIDE MINERALS ARE
DEPLETED, THERE IS A RAPID
GROWTH OF MORE CONCENTRATES
AT THE EXPENSES OF LESS
CATHODES



COMMUNITIES, ENVIRONMENT,
POLITICS

I. Analysis of the copper mining industry Peruvian production growth vis-à-vis new operations

- 2022 production was 141 ktCu higher than the previous year
- Increases:
 - The **largest share** of the increase (152.6 ktCu) came from **new operations** (Mina Justa and Quellaveco)
 - Another large increase was at Cerro Verde due to increasing operating rates
- Decreases:
 - ➤ Las Bambas was affected by community protests, which caused an operational shut of more than 50 days
 - ➤ The drop in **Southern Copper operations** (Cuajone and Toquepala) was mainly due to the **stoppage at Cuajone**

Peru's output benefited from the ramp-up of new operations

12M copper production 2021 – 2022 [ktCu]

Mine	12M2021	12M2022	Var. (kt)	Var. (%)
Antamina	460.7	467.9	7	.3 1.6%
Cerro Verde	418.6	459.1	40	.5 9.7%
Las Bambas	290.1	254.8	-35	.3 -12.2%
Toquepala	229.4	204.4	-25	.0 -10.9%
Toromocho	235.7	244.7	9	.0 3.8%
Antapaccay	170.9	151.0	-19	.8 -11.6%
Other	157.4	180.5	23	.1 14.7%
Mina Justa	46.9	126.0	79	.1 -
Cuajone	169.0	137.4	-31	.6 -18.7%
Constancia	77.8	89.4	11	.6 14.9%
El Brocal	41.3	49.9	8	.5 20.7%
Quellaveco	0.0	73.5	73	.5 0.0%
Total Perú	2,297.7	2,438.7	141.0	6.1%

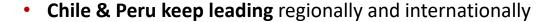
Production conciliation by causes





I. Analysis of the copper mining industry in Chile, Peru and LatAm

2023 production outlook for copper supply: Chile & Peru



- Recoveries and new projects explain the growth in 2023
 - Chile: Quebrada Blanca
 - Peru: Toromocho
 - Recoveries in Chile (as well as Brazil)



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2023: Recovery underway, this time in Peru and Chile

^{*} Forecast already incorporate most probable outcome, and global disruptions allowance for other situations should be incorporated separately. **Source:** Plusmining, 2023.

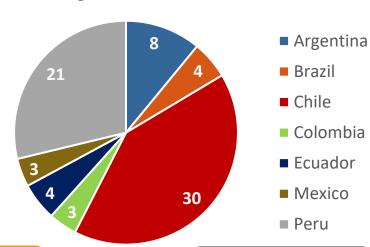
I. Analysis of the copper mining industry in Chile, Peru and LatAm

Project Portfolio in the Copper Industry

OFFICIAL MINING PORTFOLIO

BUS\$ 125 (+4% Y-O-Y)

73 PROJECTS (-1% Y-O-Y)



Scoping / Pre-Feasibility

- 35 projects (+9% y-o-y)
- BUS\$ 62 (+11% y-o-y)

Feasibility

- 28 projects (0% y-o-y)
- BUS\$ 43 (0% y-o-y)

Construction

- **10 projects** (-30% y-o-y)
- BUS\$ 20 (-17% y-o-y)

CAPEX Latam Heat Map [BUS\$]



-30 % due to 4 projects under construction which are already in operation

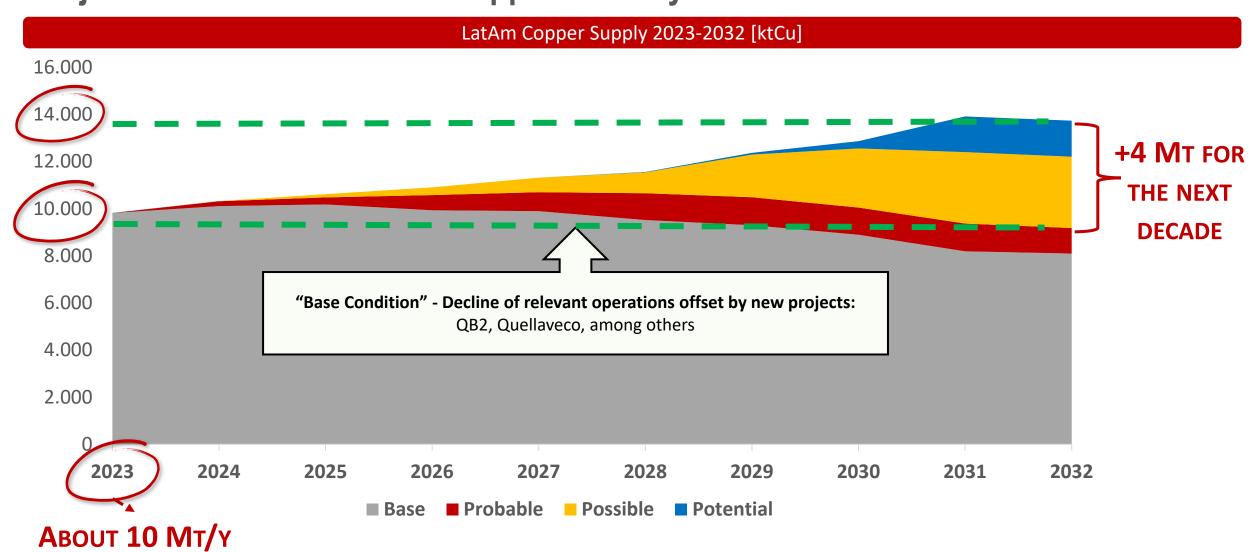
- Salobo III (Brazil)
- Serrote (Brazil)
- Mantos Blancos Exp (Chile)
- Quellaveco (Perú)

CHALLENGES OF AN EVENTUAL INCREASE IN DEMAND

ACCELERATE THE PROGRESS OF STAGES, MITIGATE BOTTLENECKS, INCORPORATE NEW PROJECTS

I. Analysis of the copper mining industry in Chile, Peru and LatAm

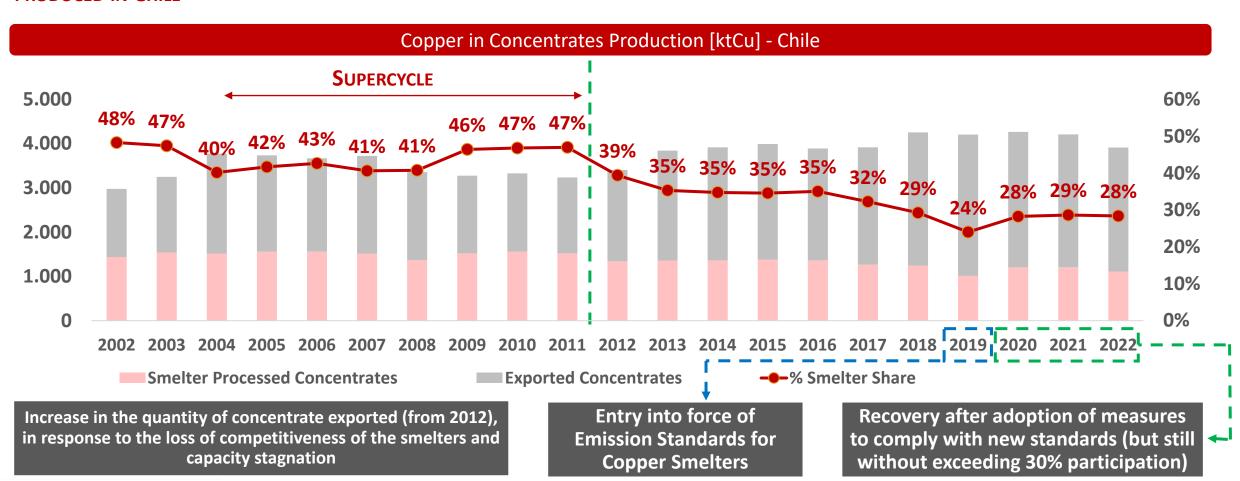
Projected investments in the copper industry: +4 MtCu for the next decade



I. Analysis of the copper mining industry in Chile, Peru and LatAm

Current smelters situation (1/2)

HOWEVER, COPPER SMELTER PRODUCTION HAS STEADILY DECLINED AND CURRENTLY DOES NOT EXCEED 30% OF THE TOTAL CONCENTRATES PRODUCED IN CHILE



Source: Plusmining, 2023; Cochilco, 2023.

I. Analysis of the copper mining industry in Chile, Peru and LatAm

Current smelters situation (2/2)

CHILE

- Altonorte by Glencore (300 ktCu/y)
- Chagres by AngloAmerican Sur (150 ktCu/y)
- Chuquicamata by Codelco (450 ktCu/y)
- El Teniente by Codelco (400 ktCu/Y)
- Paipote by Enami (80 ktCu/y)
- Ventanas by Codelco (120 ktCu/y)
- Potrerillos by Codelco (200 ktCu/y)

LatAm Smelters



Chile

Argentina

Uruguay

MEXICO

La Caridad by Grupo Mexico (300 ktCu/y)

PERU

- **IIo Smelter** by Southern Copper Grupo Mexico (360 ktCu/y)
- La Oroya by Doe Run (70 ktCu/y)

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WHAT TO EXPECT FOR SMELTERS IN CHILE?

- The government intends to increase local smelting capacity, either through expansion and modernization of existing smelters or a new smelter
 - ✓ If a new smelter is the way to go, from Plusmining's perspective, it is likely to be developed by the state through a JV with a private partner

BRAZIL

Camacari by Paranapanema (290 ktCu/y)



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III. Sociopolitical trends in LatAm and implications for the mining industry

Political Tendencies

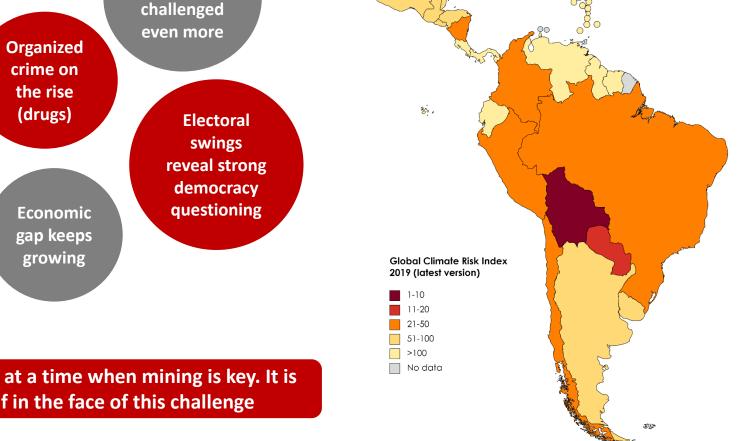
Geopolitical dispute US-China

Access to minerals

As critical minerals demand growth, mining is in the spotlight

> Unprepared to deal with these challenges



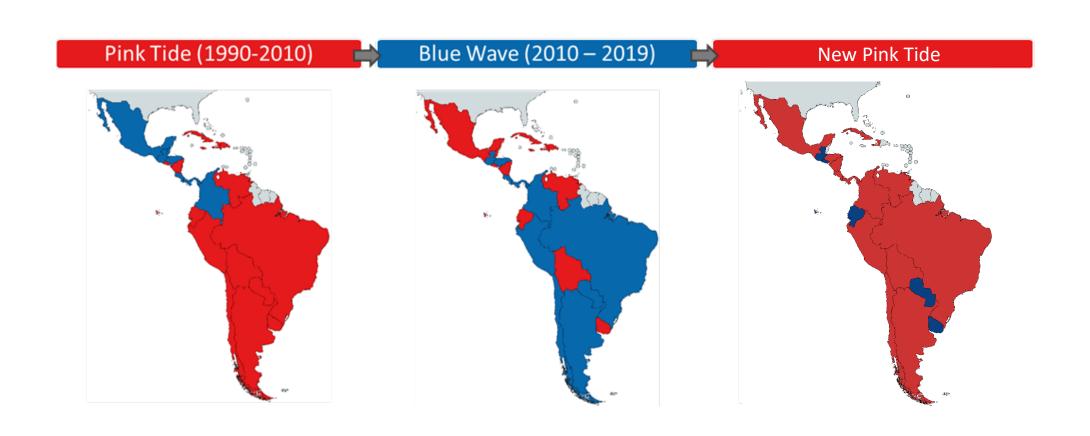


Social, political and economic dissatisfaction comes at a time when mining is key. It is uncertain where the industry will position itself in the face of this challenge

Source: Plusmining, 2023; Germanwatch, 2023. 19

III. Sociopolitical trends in LatAm and implications for the mining industry

LatAm is experiencing a new pink tide to the left



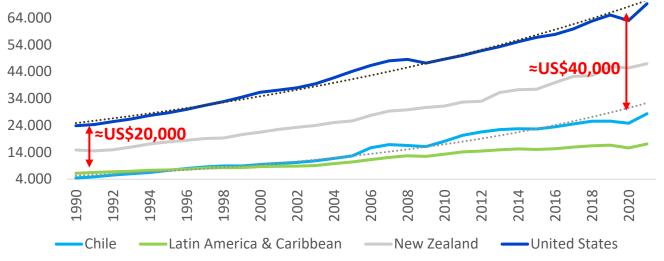
III. Chile's regulatory and political trends

Political Tendencies

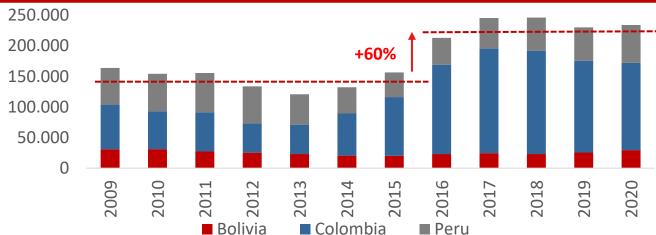


GDP per capita of US, Chile, LatAm and New Zealand 1990-2021 [US\$, PPP]

And The State of t



Global illicit cultivation of coca bush, 2009-2020 [Ha]





III. Sociopolitical trends in LatAm and implications for the mining industry

Geopolitical Scenario

Current scenario

- Polarized leaders complicate the scenario to face major global challenges
- China
 - Expected to reduce dependence on the US
 - Looking for a backup in Latina America Trade increase of 40% between 2002- 2021
 - Sanctions to Russia as a warning from the US
- US
 - Weakening of US influence in Latam
 - Trump's rejection of multilateralism and lack of strategic interest in the Southern region
 - Biden returned with a strategy of multilateralism, but the trade gap has grown
 - Nearshoring strategy focused on Central and North America, where mining is not as relevant (excluding Mexico)

Tendencies

Aller of the state of the state

- Mining plays an increasingly important role in geopolitical tension
- China
 - Seeks to secure mining assets in the short-medium term to reduce dependence
 - Investment in countries with little socio-political stability, such as Argentina (lithium) and Peru (copper)
 - Strengthening of relations with Brazil, especially in trade and investment through BRICS
- US
- The American strategy is less centralized
- Inflation Reduction Act as the main tool



III. Sociopolitical trends in LatAm and implications for the mining industry

Chile: The four elements to follow closely

1. Weak government

- Rejection of political and economic initiatives
- Broken government coalition
- Moderation of proposals related to the mining sector
- Political crisis still underway

2. Fragile social stability

- Explosive rise in organized crime
 - Highly permeable northern border (drug entry)
 - Chilean ports with high reputation (drug outflow)
- Uncontrolled irregular migration
 - Increase in irregular migration linked to increase in crime rates
- Political disaffection
 - Political class unable to read the citizens' demands

3. Mining regulation under debate

- Tax Reform-Royalty Bill under debate
- Forced to moderate proposals as it has been weakened
- National Lithium Policy will include questionable role of the state

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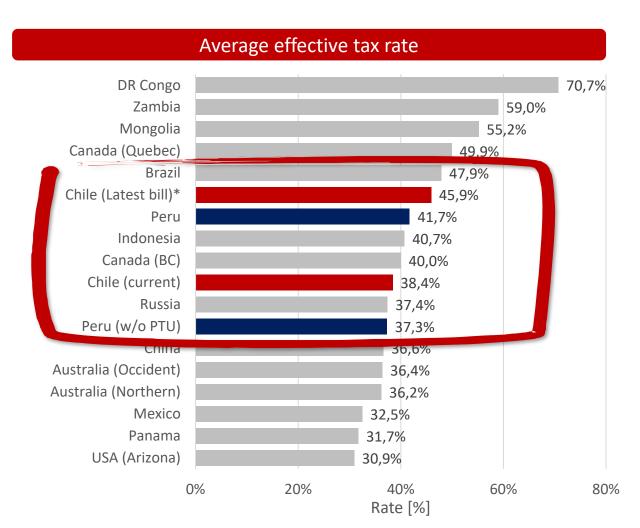
4. New constitutional proposal

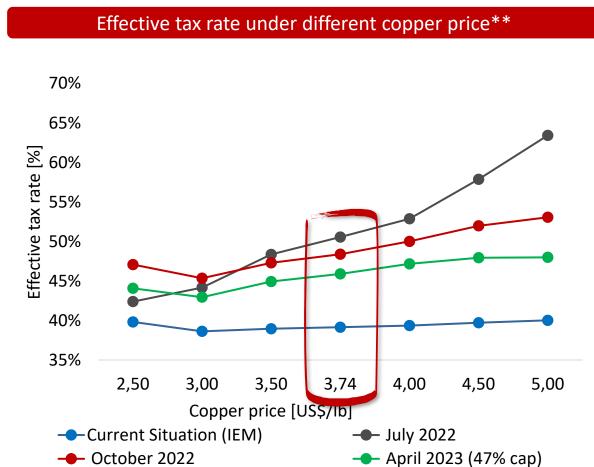
- Greater risk is citizen disinterest
 - ➤ 31% interested in the current process versus 60% in the previous one
- Constitutional proposal expected to be moderate and limited
 - Framework of contents already defined and delimited
- Main topics of discussion include:
 - Social rights, institutional organization and political representation



I. Sociopolitical Trends in LatAm and Strategic Implications

...About the royalty bill: Where it is now





III. Sociopolitical trends in LatAm and implications for the mining industry

Main events in Latin America



Argentina

- The magnitude of the crisis makes the mining sector necessary
- More openness is expected, following the example of lithium
- At permanent risk due to historical political instability
- Upcoming elections could mean profound political change



Mexico

- The recent interest in reform comes from the lithium industry
- The proposal seeks to eliminate benefits and increase obligations for private companies
- Mainly modifies the system for granting concessions and their duration



Ecuador

- Lasso is facing an impeachment trial in which he is accused of embezzlement
- The instability of the political system will open the space for illegal mining
- Indigenous movements will strengthen their position regarding mining regulations



Brazil

- Government oversight of illegal mining activities is weak in practice, leading to pockets of conflict
- Lula ordered an airspace exclusion zone in the Yanomani reserve, illegal miners fled the site
- Now the challenge for the government will be to meet the labor demand and economic needs



- The **negotiation process expected to define the development** of the country's mining potential
- So far, it shows the institutional weakness and implementation remains a pending challenge
- National Assembly in July. If approved, contract to be promulgated by the President



III. Sociopolitical trends in LatAm and implications for the mining industry

Final Remarks

Instability is the main risk for the mining industry in Latin America Latin America's history is marked by boom-and-bust cycles that have prevented consistency in its economic development Sociopolitical and economic context threatening investment outlook in mining countries The expected higher demand for minerals surprises Latin America in one of its **downturns**. Difficulties will outweigh opportunities Global relevance of mining could lead to an opportunity for geopolitical interests to influence a regional reordering

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